Post-Mid Term

SOLUTIONS

1. (b) : Let *r* be the radius, *h* be the height and *l* be the slant height of right circular cone. Now, h = 15 cm, Diameter = 16 cm [Given]

:.
$$r = \frac{16}{2} = 8 \text{ cm}$$

Also, $l = \sqrt{r^2 + h^2} = \sqrt{8^2 + 15^2} = \sqrt{289} = 17 \text{ cm}$

- :. Curved surface area of the cone = πrl = $\pi \times 8 \times 17 = 136\pi$ cm²
- (d): Total number of cards = 52

Number of ace cards = 4

:. Number of favourable outcomes = 52 - 4 = 48 (Non ace cards)

:.
$$P(\text{not an ace card}) = \frac{48}{52} = \frac{12}{13}$$

3. (d) : We know that mean,
$$\overline{x} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8.1 = \frac{132 + 5k}{20} \qquad [\Sigma f_i x_i = 132 + 5k, \Sigma f_i = 20 \text{ (Given)}]$$

- $\Rightarrow 132 + 5k = 162 \Rightarrow 5k = 30 \Rightarrow k = 6$
- 4. We have, $p(x) = x^2 p(x+1) c = x^2 px p c$ $\therefore \alpha + \beta = p$ and $\alpha\beta = (-p - c)$
- Now, $(\alpha + 1)(\beta + 1) = 0$ [Given]

$$\Rightarrow \alpha\beta + \alpha + \beta + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow -p - c + p + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow c = 1$$

5.
$$2 \tan^2 45^\circ + \cos^2 30^\circ - \sin^2 60^\circ$$

= $2(1)^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 = 2$

6. Given, area of sector $OAPB = \frac{5}{12} \times Area of circle$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{x}{360^{\circ}} \times \pi r^2 = \frac{5}{12} \times \pi r^2 \Rightarrow x = 150^{\circ}$$

7. We have, $3\sqrt{3}x^2 + 10x + \sqrt{3} = 0$

Here, $a = 3\sqrt{3}$, b = 10 and $c = \sqrt{3}$

:. Discriminant (D) = $b^2 - 4ac = 10^2 - 4(3\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3})$ = 100 - 36 = 64

8. Prime numbers which are less than 20 and starting from 2 are 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17 and 19 *i.e.*, 8 in number.
∴ Number of favourable outcomes = 8
Total number of cards from 2 to 101 = 100
∴ Total number of possible outcomes = 100

∴ P(number on card is a prime number less than 20)
=
$$\frac{8}{100} = \frac{2}{25}$$

9. In
$$\triangle ABC$$
, $\frac{AP}{AB} = \frac{3}{5}$...(i)

and
$$\frac{AQ}{AC} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$
 ...(ii)

From (i) and (ii), we get $\frac{AP}{AB} = \frac{AQ}{AC} \Rightarrow PQ \parallel BC$

In $\triangle ABD$, $PR \parallel BD$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{AP}{AB} = \frac{AR}{AD}$$
 (By Thales theorem)
$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4.5}{AD} \Rightarrow AD = \frac{4.5 \times 5}{3} = 7.5 \text{ cm}$$

10. Tangents from an external point to a circle are equal in length. Therefore, 609 $PA = PB \implies \Delta PAB$ is isosceles $\Rightarrow \angle PAB = \angle PBA$ In $\triangle APB$, $\angle PAB + \angle PBA + \angle APB = 180^{\circ}$ \Rightarrow 2 $\angle PAB = 180^{\circ} - 60^{\circ} = 120^{\circ} \Rightarrow \angle PAB = 60^{\circ}$ $\Rightarrow \Delta PAB$ is an equilateral triangle. Hence, AB = 12 cm. **11.** Let the three parts which are in A.P. = a - d, a, a + d. Now, sum of three parts = 69(a - d) + (a) + (a + d) = 69 \rightarrow 3a = 69a = 23 \Rightarrow (Given) Also, the product of two smaller parts = 483 $(a - d) \times a = 483$ \Rightarrow ...(i) ve get

Substituting
$$a = 23$$
 in (i), v
(23 - d) × 23 = 483

$$\Rightarrow \quad 23 - d = \frac{483}{23} = 21 \Rightarrow d = 23 - 21 = 2$$

Hence, the three parts of 69 are 21, 23, 25.

No. of	Frequency (f _i)	$f_i x_i$
Accidents (x_i)		
0	46	0
1	x	x
2	y	2 <i>y</i>
3	25	75
4	10	40
5	5	25
	$\Sigma f_i = 86 + x + y = 200$	$\Sigma f_i x_i = 140 + x + 2y$

...

Now, mean = 1.46 (Given) $1.46 = \frac{140 + x + 2y}{200}$ 292 = 140 + x + 2y \rightarrow \Rightarrow x + 2y = 152...(i) Also, $86 + x + y = 200 \Rightarrow x + y = 114$...(ii) Solving (i) and (ii), we get *x* = 76, *y* = 38. **13.** Join *OP*. Draw $BQ \perp OP$, $OR \perp AH$ and $OS \perp BK$ produced BK to S. In $\triangle ARO$ and $\triangle OQB$, OA = OB[Radii of the same circle] $\angle ARO = \angle OQB = 90^{\circ}$ $\angle AOR = \angle OBQ$ [Corresponding angles as RS || QB] $180^{\circ} - \angle ARO - \angle AOR = 180^{\circ} - \angle OOB - \angle OBO$ *:*.. [By angle sum property] $\angle OAR = \angle BOQ$ \Rightarrow $\Delta ARO \cong \Delta OQB$ [By AAS congruence criterion] *.*.. AR = OQ \Rightarrow [By CPCT] Let AR = OQ = xNow, AH + BK = (x + RH) + (SK - x)= x + OP + OP - x[:: RH = SK = OP] = 2OP = 2OA[:: OP = OA = Radius] = AB $\therefore AH + BK = AB$ 14. Clearly, one round of wire covers 4 mm $\left(=\frac{4}{10}$ cm $\right)$ of the surface of the cylinder and length of the cylinder is 24 cm. Number of rounds to cover 24 cm = $\frac{24}{4/10}$ = 60 *.*.. Diameter of the cylinder = 20 cm

Radius of the cylinder, r = 10 cm

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Length of wire required in completing one round = $2\pi r$ = $(2\pi \times 10)$ cm = 20π cm.

∴ Length of wire required in covering the whole surface = Length of wire required in completing 60 rounds

$$= (20 \pi \times 60) \text{ cm} = 1200 \pi \text{ cm}$$

Radius of copper wire = 2 mm = $\frac{2}{10}$ cm

- $\therefore \text{ Volume of wire} = \left(\pi \times \frac{2}{10} \times \frac{2}{10} \times 1200\pi\right) \text{ cm}^3 = 48\pi^2 \text{ cm}^3$
- So, weight of wire = $(48\pi^2 \times 8.88)$ gm = 426.24 π^2 gm
- **15.** The length of each side of a square lawn is 58 cm.

58 cm

58 cm

Ś

- \therefore Length of the diagonal of the square
 - $=58\sqrt{2}$ cm

Radius of the circle = $29\sqrt{2}$ cm.

Let *A* be the area of one of the circular ends. Then,

A = Area of a segment of angle 90° ina circle of radius $29\sqrt{2}$ cm.

$$A = \left\{\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{90^{\circ}}{360^{\circ}} - \sin 45^{\circ} \cos 45^{\circ}\right\} \times (29\sqrt{2})^{2} \text{ cm}^{2}$$

$$\left[\because \text{ Area of minor segment} = \left\{\frac{\pi\theta}{360} - \sin\frac{\theta}{2}\cos\frac{\theta}{2}\right\}r^{2}\right]$$

$$A = \left(\frac{11}{14} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \times 29 \times 29 \times 2 \text{ cm}^{2} = \frac{3364}{7} \text{ cm}^{2}$$

Area of the whole lawn = Area of the square +

$$= \left\{ 58 \times 58 + 2 \times \frac{3364}{7} \right\} \text{ cm}^2 = \left\{ 3364 + 2 \times \frac{3364}{7} \right\} \text{ cm}^2$$
$$= 3364 \left(1 + \frac{2}{7} \right) \text{ cm}^2 = 3364 \times \frac{9}{7} \text{ cm}^2 = 4325.14 \text{ cm}^2$$

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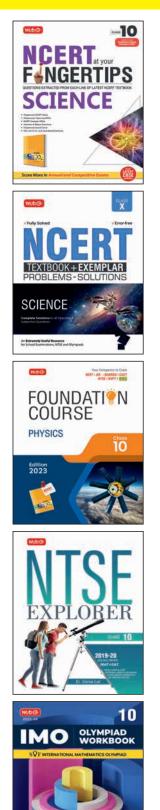
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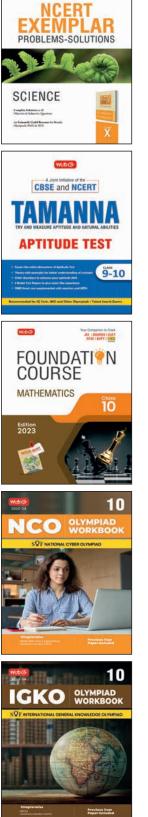
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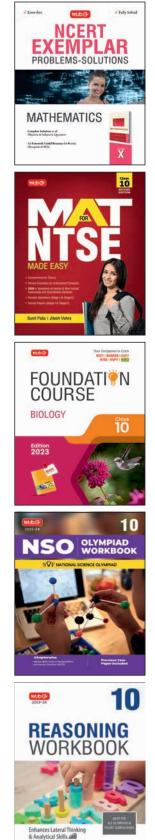
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